

# **Executive Council**

109th session Manama, Bahrain 30 October–1 November 2018

## FOR DECISION

Agenda item 3(d)iii
Report of the Secretary-General
Other administrative and statutory matters
Status of ratification of amendments to the Statutes
and of the 1947 Convention on the Privileges and
Immunities of the Specialized Agencies

CE/109/3(d)iii Madrid, 1 October 2018 Original: English

# **Executive summary**

With the aim of making the procedure for amending the Statutes and the Financing Rules more flexible, the Secretary-General, following the adoption of the amendment to Article 33 by the 22nd session of the General Assembly, urges the Member States to ratify such amendment and encourages the Working Group to further continue its analysis of the current relevance of the other pending amendments.

The new procedure established in the amendment to Article 33 provides, in its third paragraph, a one-year period for the entry into force of amendments adopted by the General Assembly, not requiring a two-thirds majority ratification by Full Members for all these amendments, unless it is provided that the procedure established in paragraph 4 of the same Article shall be applicable.

The new amendment procedure will only be effective once two-thirds of the Full Members of the Organization have notified their approval of the amendment to Article 33 to the Depositary. To date, no Member State has ratified this amendment.

The Secretary-General further requests Member States to ratify the 1947 Convention on the Privileges and Immunities of the United Nations and to explicitly notify the Secretary-General of the United Nations of the application of Annex XVIII to the UNWTO. Since the entry into force of Annex XVIII relating to UNWTO on 30 July 2008, only 17 countries have acceded to it.

When a UNWTO Member State is not a party to the 1947 Convention and does not apply Annex XVIII to the UNWTO, the legal protections covered by this treaty need to be addressed during negotiations before the UNWTO commences any activity in the country. This can result in delays and extensive efforts owing to the need for separate negotiation of an agreement for each new project or activity that contains the protections granted under the 1947 Convention and its Annex XVIII.

## **Action by the Executive Council**

## DRAFT DECISION1

The Executive Council,

*Noting* the adoption of a new amendment procedure through the amendment to Article 33 of the Statutes and the low level of accessions to Annex XVIII of the 1947 Convention,

- 1. Takes note of document CE/109/3(d)iii on the situation of amendments to the Statutes;
- 2. Thanks the Member States that have ratified one or several amendments or that have initiated the necessary procedure;
- 3. Calls upon Member States to do everything in their power to ratify all amendments to the Statutes and the Financing Rules, with particular regard to the amendment to Article 33 of the Statutes adopted by resolution 695(XXII);
- 4. Encourages the Working Group to further continue its analysis of the current relevance of other pending amendments to the Statutes and its Financing Rules and to submit its recommendations to the next session of the Executive Council for endorsement and subsequently to the 23rd session of the General Assembly for approval;

Recalling that, pursuant to resolution 489(XVI) adopted by the General Assembly, the Convention on the Privileges and Immunities of the Specialized Agencies and its Annex XVIII are applicable to all operations and activities of UNWTO in the territories of its Members,

- 5. Requests Member States to ratify the 1947 Convention on the Privileges and Immunities of the Specialized Agencies and to explicitly notify the Secretary-General of the United Nations of the application of Annex XVIII to the UNWTO; and
- 6. Requests the Member States to include a specific reference thereto in all agreements concluded with the Organization for the execution of technical assistance projects in their territories.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> This is a draft decision. For the final decision adopted by the Council, please refer to the Decisions document issued at the end of the session.

#### I. Introduction

- 1. In 2017, through resolution 694(XXII), the General Assembly called upon Member States to ratify all the amendments to the Statutes and the Financing Rules that have not yet entered into force, with particular regard to the amendment to Article 33 of the Statutes relating to the new possible procedure for amending the Statutes.
- 2. At the same session, through resolution 695(XXII), the General Assembly adopted the amendment to Article 33 of the Statutes, as proposed by the Working Group on the review of the amendment procedure of the Statutes and endorsed by the Executive Council, at its 105th session, through decision 12 (CV). Further, through resolution 696(XXII), the General Assembly also approved the amendments to Article 12(g) and Article 26 of the Statutes, and to paragraph 11 of the Financing Rules.
- 3. In addition to the above, the General Assembly requested Member States to ratify Annex XVIII of the Convention on the Privileges and Immunities of the Specialized Agencies, 1947 (hereinafter, the "1947 Convention") relating to UNWTO and adopted by the Executive Council (decision 9(LXXXIII)), pursuant to the mandate given by the General Assembly through resolution 545(XVII) in order for the Organization to be able to enjoy the privileges and immunities provided to it as a specialized agency of the United Nations.
- 4. The texts of adopted amendments that are pending ratification by two-thirds of the Members are reproduced in Annex I enclosed in this document.
- 5. The list of Member States having ratified Annex XVIII of the Convention on the Privileges and Immunities of the Specialized Agencies, 1947 (hereinafter, the "1947 Convention") is enclosed as Annex II of this document.

## Current situation of amendments to the Statutes and the Financing Rules

- 6. Article 33(3) of the Statutes requires, for adopted amendments to enter into force, that two-thirds of the Member States notify the Depositary Government of their approval of such amendment.
- 7. Since the Organization currently has 158 Full Members, amendments must be ratified by 105 Members. The list of amendments pending ratification with the number of ratifications is enclosed in Annex II of this document, together with a more detailed list that provides an overview for Members on what amendments have not been ratified by them to date.
- 8. Pursuant to resolution 694(XXII) adopted by the General Assembly, the Secretary-General submitted letters to all Member States to urge them to ratify the amendments to the Statutes and Financing Rules. As a result, twelve more countries have ratified one or several of the amendments to the Statutes and Financing Rules since the last session of the General Assembly.
- 9. The number of ratifications required for each amendment to enter into force is indicated in the table attached in Annex II.
- II. The procedure for amending the Statutes and the Financing Rules and the new amendment procedure adopted by the 22nd session of the General Assembly

# A. The current procedure for amending the Statutes and the Financing Rules

10. In accordance with the current text of Article 33(3) of the Statutes, for adopted amendments to enter into force, two-thirds of the Member States have to notify the Depositary of the Statutes of the Organization (the Ministry of Foreign Affairs and Cooperation of Spain) of their approval of such amendment by the competent authority through their established internal legal mechanism.

## B. The new procedure for amending the Statutes and the Financing Rules

- 11. Notwithstanding the above, following the adoption of the amendment to Article 33 of the Statutes by the General Assembly (resolution 695(XXII)), a more flexible amendment procedure of the Statutes and the Financing Rules could be effective upon entry into force of such amendment.
- 12. The new procedure established in the amendment to Article 33 adopted by the 22nd session of the General Assembly provides, in its third paragraph, a one-year period for the entry into force of amendments adopted by the General Assembly, not requiring for all amendments adopted by the General Assembly a two-thirds majority of Full Members ratification, unless it is provided that the procedure established in paragraph 4 of the same Article shall be applicable.
- 13. Further, in accordance with the proposal of the Working Group as endorsed by the 105th session of the Executive Council (decision 12(CV)), the fifth paragraph of the amendment to Article 33 includes a list of pending amendments that would be effective automatically once the amendment to Article 33 has entered into force.

## The entry into force of the amendment to Article 33

14. The Secretariat wishes to recall that the new amendment procedure established in the amendment to Article 33 will be effective only if and once such amendment enters into force. In accordance with the Statutes, the entry into force of this amendment will occur when two-thirds of the Full Members of the Organization have notified the Depositary of their approval of the amendment..

## Other pending amendments

15. In addition to the above, pursuant to resolution 695(XXII), the mandate of the Working Group was expanded so as to analyse whether other pending amendments that were adopted many years ago may still be relevant today. Therefore, the Secretary-General considers that the Working Group should further continue its analysis of the current relevance of other pending amendments and then submit its recommendations to the Executive Council for endorsement and subsequently to the 23rd session of the General Assembly. For this purpose, the Secretary-General recalls that the Working Group is open to any interested member State. The Secretariat will continue coordinating the work of the Working Group.

# The Convention on the Privileges and Immunities of the Specialized Agencies and Annex XVIII relating to UNWTO

- 16. Since the entry into force of Annex XVIII to the Convention on the Privileges and Immunities of the Specialized Agencies relating to UNWTO on 30 July 2008, 17 countries have acceded to it: Angola, Austria, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Brunei Darussalam, Bulgaria, El Salvador, France Germany, Lithuania, Morocco, Paraguay, Portugal, Rumania, San Marino, Serbia, Seychelles and Switzerland. Although the number of accessions has increased significantly since the last session of the General Assembly, there are still 141 Member States of the Organization that have not expressed their consent to be bound by the 1947 Convention with respect to the UNWTO.
- 17. The Convention on the Privileges and Immunities of the Specialized Agencies was adopted by the General Assembly in 2005 (resolution 489(XVI)) and its Annex XVIII relating to UNWTO was adopted by the Executive Council in 2008 (decision 9(LXXXIII)), pursuant to the mandate received from the General Assembly (resolution 545(XVIII)). Both texts set out the minimum privileges and immunities to apply to UNWTO in the domestic legal systems to ensure the effective exercise of UNWTO functions in the territories of its Member States, in accordance with Article 32 of the Statutes.

- 18. Privileges and immunities secure the independence of UNWTO's functioning and facilitate its ability to fulfil its mandate efficiently and effectively in its Member States. In general, the lack of recognition of privileges and immunities can create delays and other obstacles in delivering services in a timely and efficient manner and can impede the freedom of movement and the security necessary to the Organization and the representatives of its Members when attending the meetings convened by the Organization outside Headquarters.
- 19. When a UNWTO Member State is not a party to the 1947 Convention and does not apply Annex XVIII to the UNWTO, the legal protections covered by this treaty need to be addressed during negotiations before the UNWTO commences any activity in the country. This can result in delays and extensive efforts from the Secretariat in the separate negotiation of an agreement for each new project or activity that contains the protections granted under the 1947 Convention and its Annex XVIII. However, when there is a general and permanent framework, the need to address specific issues each time is avoided and arrangements for the implementation of projects can be made more efficiently.
- 20. As a consequence of the very low number of countries that have acceded to Annex XVIII to the 1947 Convention, the Secretary-General is frequently placed in a very difficult situation where an activity has already been planned but the agreement with the country does not cover the necessary legal protections and therefore contravenes resolution 489(XVI) and puts the Organization at risk.
- 21. Most of the UNWTO Member States have already acceded to the 1947 Convention but have not yet communicated to the Depositary of the Convention, the United Nations Secretary-General, their intention to apply it to the UNWTO. The extension of coverage to the UNWTO should not present any significant practical hurdle when the 1947 Convention has already been given effect in the domestic legal system in respect of any other UN specialized agency. Nevertheless, States have to explicitly notify their intention to apply Annex XVIII to the Treaty Section of the United Nations Office of Legal Affairs.
- 22. For the Member States that have not acceded to the 1947 Convention, they should explicitly notify, at the time of accession, to which agencies they will apply it. It is of utmost importance that UNWTO is included in this list.
- 23. The Secretariat remains available to provide any assistance or guidance as required by the Member States in the procedure of accession to the 1947 Convention or its Annex XVIII.
- 24. The Secretariat has developed a template agreement for the hosting of UNWTO events outside Headquarters that includes all the necessary legal protections for the Organization, its officials, experts on mission and the representatives of the Member States participating in the event. The General Assembly, through resolution 662(XXI), requested States willing to host a conference or event of the UNWTO in its territory to accept the terms and conditions of the agreement before the activity is planned in order to ensure that there will be no major obstacles at the time of concluding the agreement. The terms and conditions of the agreement, particularly those on privileges and immunities, unimpeded access to and from the meeting venue for all invitees or appropriate security standards are essential conditions for the host of any UN meeting outside Headquarters. The template agreement follows the policy and practice of the United Nations and its specialized agencies.

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#### Annex I: List of amendments

List of amendments to the Statutes and the Financing Rules adopted by the General Assembly that have not yet come to force in accordance with Article 33 of the Statutes

- 7. The following amendments adopted by the General Assembly since the creation of the UNWTO have not, to date, been ratified by two-thirds of the Member States and thus have not entered into force in accordance with Article 33(3) of UNWTO's Statutes.
- 8. The amendments are presented following the chronological order of their adoption by the General Assembly. Those that are applied, by decision of the General Assembly, on a provisional basis pending their entry into force are reproduced below in italics:
- A. Amendment to Paragraph 12 of the Financing Rules adopted by the General Assembly at its third session, Torremolinos, September 1979 [resolution 61(III)] the application of which is provisional, pending its entry into force:

"The Members of the Organization shall pay their contribution in the first month of the financial year for which it is due. Members shall be notified of the amount of their contribution, as determined by the Assembly, six months before the beginning of financial years in which the General Assembly is held and two months before the beginning of the other financial years. However, the Council may approve justified cases of arrears due to different financial years existing in different countries."

- B. Amendment to Paragraph 13 of the Financing Rules adopted by the General Assembly at its fourth session, Rome, September 1981 [resolution 92(IV)]:
  - "(a) A Member which is one or more years in arrears in the payment of its contributions to the Organization's expenditure may not be elected to the Executive Council or hold offices within the organs of the General Assembly.
  - (b) A Member which is one or more years in arrears in the payment of its contributions to the Organization's expenditure and which has failed to explain the nature of the circumstances surrounding its failure to pay and to indicate the measures to be taken to settle its arrears shall pay a compensatory amount equal to two per cent of its arrears, in addition to said arrears.
  - (c) A Member which is in arrears in the payment of its financial contributions to the Organization's expenditure shall be deprived of the privileges enjoyed by the Members in the form of services and the right to vote in the Assembly and the Council if the amount of its arrears equals or exceeds the amount of the contributions due from it for the preceding two financial years. At the request of the Council, the Assembly may, however, permit such a Member to vote and to enjoy the services of the Organization if it is satisfied that the failure to pay is due to conditions beyond the control of the Member."
- C. Amendment to Article 37 of the Statutes adopted by the General Assembly at its fourth session, Rome, September 1981 [resolution 93(IV)] the application of which is provisional, pending its entry into force:
  - "1. These Statutes and any declarations accepting the obligations of membership shall be deposited with the Government of Spain.
  - "2. The Government of Spain shall inform all States so entitled of the receipt of the declarations referred to in paragraph 1 and of the notification in accordance with the provisions of Articles 33 and 35, and of the date of entry into force of amendments to these Statutes."

D. Amendment to Article 14 of the Statutes adopted by the General Assembly at its fifth session, New Delhi, October 1983 [resolution 134(V)] modified at the twelfth session, Istanbul, October 1997 [resolution 365(XII)] the application of which is provisional, pending its entry into force:

"1bis. The host State of the Headquarters of the Organization shall have a permanent additional seat on the Executive Council, which shall be unaffected by the procedure laid down in paragraph 1 above concerning the geographical distribution of Council seats."

- E. Amendment to Article 15 of the Statutes adopted by the General Assembly at its seventh session, Madrid, September-October 1987 [resolution 208(VII)]:
  - "1. The term of elected Members shall be four years. Election for one-half of the membership of the Council shall be held every two years.
  - 2. The terms of office of the Members of the Council shall not be immediately renewable upon expiration unless an immediate renewed membership is essential to safeguard a fair and equitable geographical distribution. In such a case, the admissibility of the request for renewal shall be obtained from a majority of Full Members present and voting."
- F. Amendment to Paragraph 4 of the Financing Rules adopted by the General Assembly at its fourteenth session, Seoul / Osaka, 24-29 September 2001 [resolution 422(XIV)] the application of which is provisional, pending its entry into force:

"The budget shall be formulated in euros. The currency used for payment of contributions shall be the euro or any other currency or combination of currencies stipulated by the Assembly. This shall not preclude acceptance by the Secretary-General, the extent authorized by the Assembly, of other currencies in payment of Members' contributions."

G. Amendment to Article 1 of the Statutes adopted by the General Assembly at its sixteenth session, Dakar, November-December 2005 [resolution 511(XVI)]:

"The World Tourism Organization, hereinafter referred to as "the Organization", is hereby established as an international organization of intergovernmental character. It is a specialized agency of the United Nations."

H. Amendment to Article 4 of the Statutes adopted by the General Assembly at its sixteenth session, Dakar, November-December 2005 [resolution 511(XVI)]:

"Membership of the Organization shall be open to:

- (a) Full Members
- (b) Associate Members"
- I. Amendment to Article 5 of the Statutes adopted by the General Assembly at its sixteenth session, Dakar, November-December 2005 [resolution 511(XVI)]:
  - "1. Full membership of the Organization shall be open to all sovereign States that are members of the United Nations.
  - 2. Such States may become Full Members of the Organization if their candidatures are approved by the General Assembly by a majority of two-thirds of the Full Members present and voting provided that said majority is a majority of the Full Members of the Organization.
  - 3. States that have withdrawn from the Organization in accordance with the provisions of

Article 35 shall have the right to become Full Members of the Organization again, without requirement of vote, on formally declaring that they adopt the Statutes of the Organization and accept the obligations of membership."

- J. Amendment to Article 6 of the Statutes adopted by the General Assembly at its sixteenth session, Dakar, November-December 2005 [resolution 511(XVI)]:
  - "1. Territories already holding associate membership on 24 October 2003 shall maintain the status, rights and obligations belonging to them as at such date. The list of such territories is annexed to these Statutes.
    - 2. Members enjoying the status of Affiliates, up to at the date of entry into force of the Amendments to the present Statutes adopted on 29 November 2005 shall become as of right Associate Members at that date.
    - 3. Associate membership of the Organization shall be open to intergovernmental and non-governmental organizations, tourism bodies without political competence subordinate to territorial entities, professional and labour organizations, academic, educational, vocation training and research institutions and to commercial enterprises and associations whose activities are related to the aims of the Organization or fall within its competence. The participation of Associate Members in the work of the Organization shall be of a technical nature, with decisions and votes being the exclusive prerogative of the Full Member.
    - 4. Such entities may become Associate Members of the Organization provided that their requests for membership are presented in writing to the Secretary-General and that the candidature is approved by the General Assembly by a majority of two-thirds of the Full Members present and voting provided that said majority is a majority of the Full Members of the Organization. Except in the cases of international organizations, the candidatures of the entities mentioned in paragraph 3 above shall be introduced by the United Nations member State on whose territory their headquarters is located.
    - 5. The General Assembly shall abstain from considering the candidature of such entities if their headquarters is located in a territory that is the subject of a dispute, of sovereignty or other, before the United Nations, or if their activity is related to such a territory, unless no Full Member objects to the introduction of the candidature of said entity or to its admission to the Organization."
- K. Amendment to Article 7 of the Statutes adopted by the General Assembly at its sixteenth session, Dakar, November-December 2005 [resolution 511(XVI)]:
  - "1. A Committee of Associate Members shall be constituted which shall establish its own rules and submit them to the Assembly for approval by a majority of two-thirds of the Full Members present and voting provided that said majority is a majority of the Full Members of the Organization. The Committee may be represented at meetings of the Organization's organs.
  - 2. The Committee of Associate Members shall be composed of three boards:
    - (i) a board of destinations, composed of the tourism bodies, without political competence subordinate to territorial entities:

- (ii) an education board composed of academic, educational, vocational training and research institutions; and
- (iii) a professional board composed of all the other Associate Members.

Intergovernmental and non-governmental organizations may participate in whichever board or boards correspond to their competences."

- L. Amendment to Article 9 of the Statutes adopted by the General Assembly at its sixteenth session, Dakar, November-December 2005 [resolution 511(XVI)]:
  - "1. The Assembly is the supreme organ of the Organization and shall be composed of delegates representing Full Members.
    - At each session of the Assembly each Full Member shall be represented by not more than five delegates, one of whom shall be designated by the Member as Chief Delegate.
    - 3. Associate Members as of 24 October 2003, the list of which is annexed to the present Statutes, shall be represented by not more than five delegates, one of whom shall be designated as Chief Delegate. These delegates may participate, without the right to vote, in the work of the Assembly. They shall have the right to speak but may not participate in decision-making.
    - 4. The Committee of Associate Members may designate three spokespersons, one representing the board of destinations, one representing the professional board and the other representing the education board, who shall participate in the work of the Assembly, without the right to vote. Each Associate Member may designate one observer, who may attend the deliberations of the Assembly."
- M. Amendment to Article 14 of the Statutes adopted by the General Assembly at its sixteenth session, Dakar, November-December 2005 [resolution 511(XVI)]:
  - "1. The Council shall consist of Full Members elected by the Assembly in the ratio of one Member for every five Full Members, in accordance with the Rules of Procedure laid down by the Assembly, with a view to achieving a fair and equitable geographical distribution.
  - 2. Associate Members as of 24 October 2003 may have a spokesperson who may participate, without the right to vote, in the work of the Council. Such spokesperson may not participate in decision-making.
  - 3. The three spokespersons of the Committee of Associate Members may participate, without the right to vote, in the work of the Council. Such spokespersons may not participate in decision-making."
- N. Amendment to Paragraph 14 of the Financing Rules adopted by the General Assembly at its sixteenth session, Dakar, October-December 2005 [resolution 511(XVI)]:

"In calculating the assessments of Associate Members, account shall be taken of the different bases of their membership and the limited rights they enjoy within the Organization."

O. Amendment to Article 22 of the Statutes adopted by the General Assembly at its sixteenth session, Dakar, November-December 2005 [resolution 512(XVI)]:

"The Secretary-General shall be appointed by a two-thirds majority of Full Members present and voting in the Assembly, on the recommendation of the Council, for a term of four years. His appointment shall be renewable only once."

P. Amendment to Article 38 of the Statutes adopted by the General Assembly at its seventeenth session, Cartagena de Indias, November 2007 [resolution 521(XVII)]:

"The official languages of the Organization shall be Arabic, Chinese, English, French, Russian and Spanish."

- Q. Amendment to Article 33 of the Statutes adopted by the General Assembly at its twenty-second session, Chengdu, September 2017 [resolution 695(XXII)]:
  - "1. Any suggested amendment to the present Statutes and its Annex shall be transmitted to the Secretary-General who shall circulate it to the Full Members at least six months before being submitted to the consideration of the Assembly.
  - 2. An amendment shall be voted by the Assembly and adopted by a two-thirds majority of Full Members present and voting.
  - 3. An amendment shall come into force for all Members one year after it has been adopted by the Assembly, unless the resolution by which it is adopted provides that the procedure established in paragraph 4 shall be applicable.
  - 4. Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph 3, any amendment to Articles 4, 5, 6, 7, 9, 14, 23, 25, 28, 33 or 35 of the Statutes, or to the Financing Rules, or any amendment involving fundamental alterations in the aims or the structure of the Organization or to the rights and obligations for the member States -so determined by the General Assembly shall come into force for all Members forthwith when two-thirds of the member States have notified the Depositary Government of their approval of such amendment. The General Assembly may also establish a deadline for member States to notify the approval of such amendment.
  - 5. Amendment to Article 14 of the Statutes (adopted by the General Assembly through resolution 134 (V)), amendment to Article 15 of the Statutes (adopted by the General Assembly through resolution 208 (VII)), amendment to Article 22 of the Statutes (adopted by the General Assembly through resolution 512 (XVI), amendment to Article 37 of the Statutes (adopted by the General Assembly through resolution 93 (IV)), amendment to Paragraph 4 of the Financing Rules (adopted by the General Assembly through resolution 422 (XIV)) and amendment to Paragraph 12 of the Financing Rules (adopted by the General Assembly through resolution 61 (III)) shall enter into force upon entry into force of the present amendment to Article 33."
- R. Amendment to Article 12 (g) of the Statutes adopted by the General Assembly at its twenty-second session, Chengdu, September 2017 [resolution 696 (XXII)]:

"to elect the Auditor on the recommendation of the Council"

- S. Amendment to Article 26 of the Statutes adopted by the General Assembly at its twenty-second session, Chengdu, September 2017 [resolution 696(XXII)]:
  - "1. The accounts of the Organization shall be examined by an Auditor elected by the Assembly on the recommendation of the Council for a period of two years. The Auditor shall be eligible for re-election;

- 2. The Auditor, in addition to examining the accounts, may make such observations as the Auditor deems necessary with respect to the efficiency of the financial procedures and management, the accounting system, the internal financial controls and, in general, the financial consequences of administrative practices."
- T. Amendment to Paragraph 11 of the Financing Rules adopted by the General Assembly at its twenty-second session, Chengdu, September 2017 [resolution 696(XXII)]:

"The accounts of the Organization for the last financial year shall be transmitted by the Secretary-General to the Auditor and to the competent organ of the Council. The Auditor shall report to the Council and to the Assembly."

Annex II: List of adopted amendments to the Statutes and the Financing Rules and number of ratifications received to date

1. General list per amendment of number of ratifications received and number of ratifications pending in order for the amendment to enter into force

Amendment	General Assembly Session, place and date	Article	Ratified By	Pending	In Force
A/RES/61(III)	3rd Session, Torremolinos, September 1979	Paragraph 12 Financing Rules	96	9	Provisional Application
A/RES/92(IV)	4th Session, Rome, September 1981	Paragraph 13 Financing Rules	84	21	No
A/RES/93(IV)	4th Session, Rome, September 1981	Article 37 Statutes	88	17	Provisional Application
A/RES/134(V)*	5th Session, New Delhi, October 1983,	Article 14 Statutes	103	2	Provisional Application
A/RES/208(VII)	7th Session, Madrid, September-October 1987	Article 15 Statutes	70	35	No
A/RES/422(XIV)	14th Session, Seoul / Osaka, 24-29 September 2001	Paragraph 4 Financing Rules	46	59	Provisional Application
		Article 1 Statutes	22	83	No
		Article 4 Statutes	22	83	No
A/DEC/544/V\/I\	16th Secsion Dekar Nevember December 2005	Article 5 Statutes	22	83	No
A/RES/511(XVI)	16th Session, Dakar, November-December 2005	Article 6 Statutes	22	83	No
		Article 7 Statutes	22	83	No
		Article 9 Statutes	22	83	No

		Article 14 Statutes	22	83	No
		,			
		Paragraph 14 Financing Rules	22	83	No
A/RES/512(XVI)		Article 22 Statutes	22	83	No
A/RES/521(XVII)	17th Session, Cartagena de Indias, November 2007	Article 38 Statutes	72	33	No
A/RES/695(XXII)	22nd Session, Chengdu, September 2017	Article 33 Statutes	0	105	No
		Article 12(g) Statutes	0	105	No
A/RES/696(XXII)	22nd Session, Chengdu, September 2017	Article 26 Statutes	0	105	No
		Paragrapg 11 Financing Rules	0	105	No

2. Detailed list of number of ratifications received per amendment and number of ratifications pending in order for the amendment to enter into force

	Full Member	Paragraph 12 FR	Paragraph 13 FR	Article 37	Article 14	Article 15	Paragraph 4 FR	Articles 1,4,5,7,9, 14 and Paragraph 14 FR	Article 22	Article 38	Article 33	Article 12 (g), 26 and Para. 11 FR
1	Afghanistan (*)	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
2	Albania (*)	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
3	Algeria	YES	No	No	YES	No	No	No	No	YES	No	No
4	Andorra	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	No	No
5	Angola (*)	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
6	Argentina	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	No	No
7	Armenia	No	No	No	No	No	No	YES	YES	No	No	No
8	Austria	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	No	No	No
9	Azerbaijan	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	No	No	No	No	No	No
10	Bahamas	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	No	No	YES	No	No
11	Bahrain	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	No	No	YES	No	No

12	Bangladesh	YES	YES	YES	YES	No	No	No	No	YES	No	No
13	Barbados	No	No	No								
14	Relarus	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	No	No	YES	No	No
15	Benin (*)	No	No	No								
16	Phyton	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	No	No	No	No	No
17	Bolivia	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	No	No	YES	No	No
	Bosnia and Herzegovina	No	YES	No	No							
19	Botswana	No	YES	No	No	No						
20	Brazil	YES	No	YES	YES	No	No	No	No	YES	No	No
21	Brunei Darussalam	YES	No	No	No							
22	Bulgaria	YES	YES	YES	No	No	No	No	No	YES	No	No
23	Burkina Faso	YES	YES	No	YES	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
24	Burundi (*)	No	YES	No	No							
25	Cambodia	No	YES	No	No							
26	Cameroon	No	No	No	YES	No	No	No	No	No	No	No

27	Cabe Verde	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	No	No	No	No	No	No
28	Central African Republic	No	YES	No	No							
29	Chad (*)	No	No	No								
30	Chile	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	No	No	No	No	No
31	China	YES	No	YES	YES	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
32	Colombia	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	No	No	No	No	No	No
33	Congo	No	No	No	YES	No	No	No	No	YES	No	No
34	Costa Rica	YES	YES	YES	No	No	No	No	No	YES	No	No
35	Côte d'Ivoire	YES	No	YES	No	No						
36	Croatia (*)	No	No	No								
37	Cuba	YES	No	No	No	YES	No	No	No	YES	No	No
38	Cyprus	YES	YES	YES	YES	No	YES	No	No	No	No	No
39	Czech Republic	YES	No	No								
40	Democratic People's Republic of Korea	YES	No	YES	YES	YES	YES	No	No	YES	No	No

41	Democratic Republic of the Congo	No	No	No	YES	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
42	Djibouti (*)	No	No	No								
43	Dominican Republic	No	No	No	YES	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
44	Ecuador	No	No	No	YES	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
45	Egypt	YES	YES	YES	YES	No	YES	YES	YES	YES	No	No
46	El Salvador	YES	No	No								
47	Equatorial Guinea	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	No	No	No	No	No	No
48	Eritrea (*)	No	No	No								
49	Ethiopia	YES	YES	YES	YES	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
50	Federal Republic of Somalia	No	No	No								
51	Fiji (*)	No	No	No								
52	France	YES	YES	YES	YES	No	No	No	No	YES	No	No
53	Gabon	YES	YES	YES	YES	No	No	No	No	YES	No	No
54	Gambia	No	No	No	YES	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
55	Georgia	No	YES	No	No							

56	Germany	YES	No	YES	No	No						
57	Ghana	No	YES	No	No							
58	Greece	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	No	No	YES	No	No
59	Guatemala (*)	No	No	No								
60	Guinea	No	No	No	No	No	YES	No	No	No	No	No
61	Guinea-Bissau (*)	No	YES	No	No							
62	Haiti	No	No	No	YES	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
63	Honduras	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	No	No	No	No	No	No
64	Hungary	YES	No	No								
65	India	No	No	No	YES	No	No	No	No	YES	No	No
66	Indonesia	YES	YES	YES	YES	No	No	No	No	YES	No	No
67	Iran, Islamic Republic of	No	No	No	YES	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
68	Iraq	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	No	No	No	YES	No	No
69	Israel	YES	No	No								

70	Italy	YES	No	No								
71	Jamaica	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	No	No	YES	No	No
72	Japan (*)	No	No	No								
73	Jordan	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	No	No	No	No	No
74	Kazakhstan (*)	No	No	No								
75	Kenya	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	No	No	No	No	No	No
76	Kuwait	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	No	No	No	No	No
77	Kyrgyzstan	No	YES	No	No							
78	Lao People's Democratic Republic	No	No	No	YES	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
79	Lebanon (*)	No	No	No								
80	Lesotho (*)	No	No	No								
81	Liberia	No	YES	No	No							
82	Libyan Arab Jamahiriya	YES	YES	YES	YES	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
83	Lithuania	YES	No	No								
84	Madagascar	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	No	No	No	YES	No	No

85	Malawi	No	YES	No	No							
86	Malaysia	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	No	No	No	YES	No	No
87	Maldives	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	No	No	No	No	No
88	Mali	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	No	No	YES	No	No
89	Malta	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	No	No	No	No	No	No
90	Mauritania (*)	No	No	No								
91	Mauritius	No	No	No	YES	No	No	No	No	YES	No	No
92	Mexico	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	No	YES	YES	YES	No	No
93	Monaco (*)	No	No	No								
94	Mongolia (*)	No	No	No								
95	Montenegro	YES	No	No								
96	Morocco	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	No	No	No	YES	No	No
97	Mozambique (*)	No	No	No								
98	Myanmar (*)	No	No	No								

99	Namibia (*)	No	No	No								
100	Nepal	YES	YES	YES	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
101	Netherlands	YES	No	No								
	Nicaragua	No	No	No	YES	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
	Niger	YES	YES	YES	No	No	No	No	No	YES	No	No
104	Nigeria	No	No	No	YES	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
105	Oman	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	No	No	No	No	No
106	Pakistan	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	No	No	No	No	No	No
107	Panama	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	No	No	No	No	No	No
108	Papua New Guinea	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	No	No	No	No	No
109	Paraguay	YES	No	No								
110	Peru	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	No	No	No	YES	No	No
111	Philippines	YES	No	No	YES	No	No	No	No	YES	No	No
112	Poland	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	No	No	No	No	No	No
113	Portugal	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	No	No	No	YES	No	No

114	Qatar	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	No	No	YES	No	No
115	Republic of Korea	YES	YES	YES	YES	No	No	No	No	YES	No	No
116	Republic of Moldova	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	No	No	No	No	No
117	Republic of Trinidad and Tobago	No	No	No								
118	Romania	YES	No	YES	YES	YES	No	No	No	No	No	No
119	Russian Federation	YES	No	No								
120	Rwanda	YES	YES	YES	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
121	Samoa	No	YES	No	No							
122	San Marino	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	No	No	No	No	No	No
123	Sao Tome and Principe	No	No	No	YES	No	No	No	No	YES	No	No
124	Saudi Arabia	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	No	No	No	No	No
125	Senegal	YES	YES	YES	YES	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
126	Serbia	YES	No	No								
127	Seychelles	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	No	No	YES	No	No

128	Sierra Leone (*)	No	No	No								
129	Slovakia	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	No	No	No	No	No
130	Slovenia	YES	No	No								
131	South Africa	No	YES	No	No							
132	Spain	YES	No	No								
133	Sri Lanka	YES	YES	YES	YES	No	No	No	No	YES	No	No
134	Sudan	No	No	No	YES	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
135	Swaziland (*)	No	No	No								
136	Switzerland (*)	No	No	No								
137	Syrian Arab Republic	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	No	No	No	No	No
138	Tajikistan	YES	No	No	No							
139		YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	No	No	YES	No	No
140	The former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia	No	YES	No	No							
141	Timor-Leste	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	No	No	YES	No	No
142	Togo	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	No	No	No	YES	No	No

143	Tunisia	YES	No	No	YES	No	No	No	No	YES	No	No
144	Turkey	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	No	No	No	No	No	No
145	Turkmenistan	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	No	No	No	No	No	No
146	Uganda	YES	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
147	Ukraine (*)	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
148	Union of Comoros	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
149	United Arab Emirates	YES	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
150	United Republic of Tanzania	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	No	No	No	No	No	No
151	Uruguay	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	No	No	No	No	No
152	Uzbekistan	YES	No	YES	YES	YES	No	No	No	YES	No	No
153	Vanuatu	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	YES	No	No
154	Venezuela	No	No	No	YES	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
155	Viet Nam	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	No	No	No	No	No	No
156	Yemen	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	No	No	No	No	No	No

157	Zambia	YES	YES	YES	YES	No	No	No	No	YES	No	No
158	Zimbabwe (*)	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
	Total Ratifications	96	84	88	103	70	46	22	22	72	0	0