Karibu Bagamoyo
Welcome to Bagamoyo

Bagamoyo-Town-Guide

1. Boma
2. Gongoni Mosque
   Msikiti wa Gongoni
3. Old Fort - Ngome Kongwe
4. Customs House
   Jengo la Forodha
Karibu Bagamoyo
Welcome to Bagamoyo

Bagamoyo-Town-Guide
Bagamoyo Town Guide
Kielelezoco cha mji wa Bagamoyo

Kaole Ruins:
Shirazi Trade Town (1300 - 1800)
Magofu ya Kaole:
Mji wa kibiashara wa Washirazi

Old Tower of the Catholic Church
(1872).

Mnara wa zamani wa Kanisa Katoliki.

Our Bagamoyo Town Guide helps you to find your way to some of the historical buildings in our town. For decades Bagamoyo was the terminus for caravans from the interior. Coming from far to Bagamoyo the caravan porters named our town “Bwagamoyo”, meaning “Through Off Melancholy”. Later Bagamoyo became the terminus for
Find a town map on the middle pages.

Kielelezo hiki cha mj1 wa Bagamoyo kitakuwesha kufikia baadhi ya majengo ya kale yaliyopo hapa. Mji wa Bagamoyo kwa miongo kadhar ilikuwa kituo cha mwisho kwa misafara inayotoka bara. Wapagazi waliokuwa katika misafara inayotoka bara. Wapagazi waliokuwa katika misafara hiyo walikita mi1 "Bwagamoyo" yaani "Furahi" au tasafari ya neno kwa neno " Tua mzigo unaokuelemea moyo wako". Baadaye watumwa waliofikishwa hapa waliiita mji huu “Bagamoyo” maana yake. “Kata tamaa”. Leo hii watatili wengi wanasisia mji huu kwa kusema “ Tua mzigo unaokuelemea moyo wako”.

Angalia ramani katika kurasa za katikati.

Maeneo ya kihistoria toka A - Z

Caravan Serai:
Kituo cha mwisho cha zamani kwa misafara yaliyotoka bara. Hapa ndipo jina la mji huu lilipozaliwa: Tua mzigo unaokuelemea moyo wako.

Eneo la Kunyongea:
Mnara wa kumbukumbu wa wafuasi wa Bushiri ambao walinyonga hapa mwezi Desemba 1889 (katika maeneo ya hoteli ya BADECO).

Hospitali:
Fedha zilitolewa na Sewa Haji, lilijengwa na kuendeshwa na kanisa katoliki, tangu 1912 iliendeshwa na utawala wa Wajerumani, sasa inatumika kama Hospitali ya wilaya.

Kanisa Katoliki (liyanzishwa mwaka 1868):
Maeneo haya ni makumbusho yaliyopo wazi:

+ Mti wa mbuyu: ilipandwa mwaka 1868;
+ Msalaba ulioko pwani: ilipandwa mpya mwaka 1993;
+ Mnara wa kumbukumbu wa Livingstone: ulijengwa mwaka 1872 katika mnara huu, mwili wa hayati Livingstone ulipumzishwa usiku mmoja mwaka 1874;
+ Nyumba ya zamani ya Mapadre: ilijengwa toka mwaka 1873-1903, leo hii nyumba inamilikiwa na Chuo cha Uongozi wa Elimu MANTEP.
+ Makumbusho: yaliijengwa mwaka 1876;
+ Grotto: ilijengwa mwaka 1876 na watumwa waliokombolewa.

Makaburi:
+ Kanisa katoliki: mkaburi 47 ya wamisionari wa kwanza;
+ Makaburi ya Wajerumani: makaburi 20 ya askari wa Kijerumani tangu 1888 - 1900;
+ Makaburi ya Wahindi: yalianzishwa mwaka 1880 karibu na Hospitali ya Wilaya.
+ Mwana Makuka: Uwanja makaburini, kaburi la zamani kabisa mwaka 1793.
+ Magofu ya Kaole: Mabaki ya mji wa kibiashara wa Washirazi (13th - 17th century), misikiti na makaburi yanaweza kuonekana.

Majengo ya Wajerumani:
+ Mnara wa Dunda: ulijengwa na von Wissmann mwaka 1889 enzi ya vita vya Bushiri.
+ Boma: lilijengwa mwaka 1897 kama makazi ya Gavana wa kikoloni wa Ujerumani.
+ Jengo la ushuru wa forodha: lilijengwa mwaka 1895 na Wajerumani, hada watumwa waliilia: “Kata tamaa!”
+ Ghala: lilijengwa mwaka 1888, baadaye lilibomoclewa.
Historical Sites from A - Z

Caravan Serai:
Old terminus for the caravans coming from the interior. Here the name of the town was born: “Through Off Melancholy”.

Catholic church (started in 1868):
The compound is an open-air museum:
+ Baobab Tree: planted 1868;
+ Cross at the beach: replanted 1993;
+ Livingstone Tower, built in 1872, here in 1874 the body of the late Dr.

Livingstone rested for one night.
+ Old Fathers House, built 1873 - 1903, today belonging to MANTEP Institute;
+ Museum, built in 1876;
+ Grotto: built by liberated slaves in 1876.

Cemeteries:
+ Catholic: 47 tombs of early missionaries;
+ German: 20 tombs of German soldiers from 1888 - 1900;
+ Indian: Started in the 1880s, located near the hospital;
+ Mwana Makuka: with the oldest grave 1793, near to the Fort.

German buildings:
+ Block House/Dunda Tower, built in 1889 by Wissmann during the Bushiri War;
+ Boma: built in 1897 as residence of the German Colonial Governor;
+ Customs House: built in 1895 by the Germans; here the slaves cried: “Crush down your heart”.
+ Store House: built in 1888, later dismantled.
+ Fort: Incorporated the oldest stone house, built by Abdullah Selemani Marhabi, fortified by Sultan Bargash (1870-1888), owned by the Indian Sewa Haji, then used by the Germans as garrison and later police post, now used by the “Department for Antiquities”.
+ Hanging Place: Monument reminding the supporters of Bushiri who were hanged to death here in December 1889 (on the compound of BADECIO Beach Hotel).
+ Hospital: donated by Sewa Haji, built and run by the Catholic Church, since 1912 by the German administration, now used as District Hospital.
+ Kaole Ruins: Ruins of the Shirazai trade town (13th - 17th century); tombs and mosques can be seen.
+ **Liku House:** one of the oldest buildings, used by the Germans as first headquarters (1888 - 1891), now used by the Tanzanian Government.

+ **Mosques:** Out of 15 mosques the mosque in Gongoni Street and the Friday Mosque at the northern exit are the oldest; the Jama at-khana, centre of the Ismaili community, was built in 1883.

+ **Mwambao School:** Donated by Sewa Haji as multiracial school.

+ **Old Bagamoyo Tea House:** one of the oldest buildings, next to the Boma, with a beautiful carved Arabian door.

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Bagamoyo combines:
- natural beauty
- cultural heritage.

Bagamoyo unajumuisha:
- uzuri wa asili
- urithi wa tunu ya utamaduni

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Carved Arabic and Indian doors are part of an old tradition. Bagamoyo has hundreds of such carved doors. Marks of status and wealth.

You see in the town map

Sehemu za huduma utaziona katika ramani za njia:

**Bank/Benki**
National Microfinance Bank

**Christian Churches**
Kanisa ya Wakristo

+ Anglican church
  Kanisa la Anglikana (Livingston Church)
  (Tazama katika ramani).

+ Catholic Church
  See Town Map to the North
  Kanisa la Katoliki
  (Katika ramani kwa upande wa Kaskazini).

+ Lutheran Church
  (near Post Office)
  Kanisa la Lutheran
  (karibu na Posta Ofisi).

**Health/Afya:**
Districts Hospital/Indian Street
St. Elizabeth Hospital/Cath. Parish
Huruma Dispensary/near Devon Rest.

**Mosque/Misikiti:**
All over in the town
Imeenea katika mji mzima

**Police:** exit to Kaole
utaiona njia ya Kaole

**Post:** exit to Dar es Salaam
utaiona njia DSM

7 International Hotels
All located at the beach
(See Town Map)

Mahoteli yote yamejaa kando kando ya bahari

16 Guest Houses and Restaurants:
16 Nyumba za kulala na chakula:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Address</th>
<th>Location</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Pop Juice GH</td>
<td>Msata Road</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jangombe GH</td>
<td>Msata Road</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alpha Motel</td>
<td>near New Market</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nuru GH</td>
<td>near New Market</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Azania Anex GH</td>
<td>Market Street</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Azania GH</td>
<td>Market Street</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Corner Bar/GH</td>
<td>Market Street</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cherekko Bar</td>
<td>Market Street</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Double M GH</td>
<td>near Devon GH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Devon Bar/GH</td>
<td>near Huruma Dispensary</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bruno GH</td>
<td>Majengo Street</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mwambao GH</td>
<td>Bongwa Street</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Top Life B/R</td>
<td>Caravan Serai Street</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kiromo GH</td>
<td>Uhuru Road</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kizota GH/R</td>
<td>Uhuru Road</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vatican GH</td>
<td>Uhuru road</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Welcome to the Catholic Museum; telling the story of Bagamoyo town. Open every day from 10.00 a.m. - 5.00 p.m.

Karibu katika jumba la makumbusho la Kanisa Katoliki; linaelezea historia ya mji wa Bagamoyo. Linafunguliwa kila siku kuanzia saan ne asubuhi na kufungwa saa kumi na moja jioni.

Department for Antiquities
Catholic Museum Bagamoyo